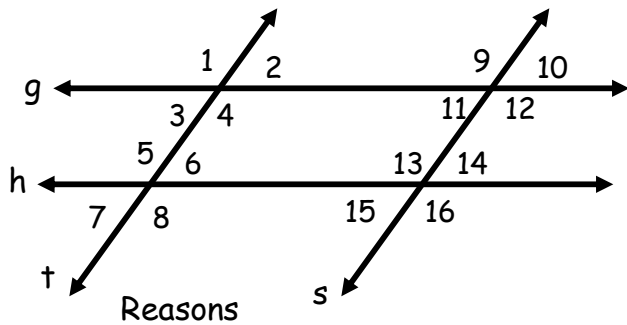


1. Given: $g \parallel h$ and $s \parallel t$

Prove: $\angle 2 \cong \angle 15$

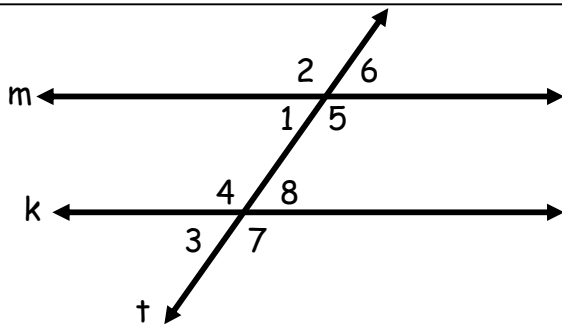


Statements

Reasons

2. Given: $k \parallel m$

Prove: $\angle 1$ is supplementary to $\angle 7$

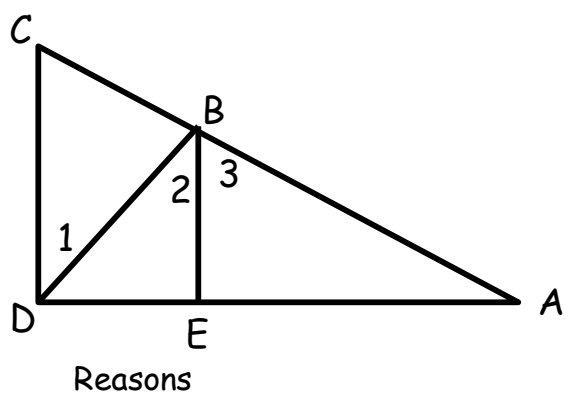


Statements

Reasons

3. Given: $CD \parallel BE$; $\angle 3 \cong \angle 1$

Prove: BE bisects $\angle DBA$

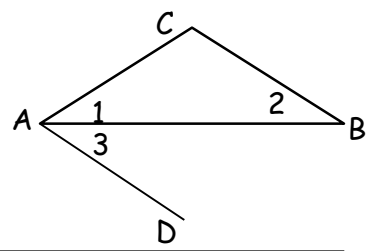


Statements

Reasons

4. Given: $AD \parallel BC$; $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

Prove: AB bisects $\angle CAD$

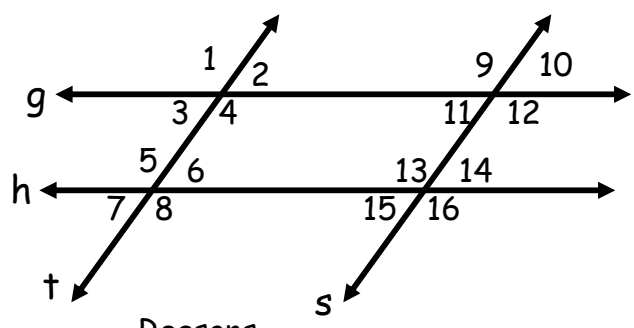


Statements

Reasons

5. Given: $\angle 4 \cong \angle 13$; $t \parallel s$

Prove: $h \parallel g$

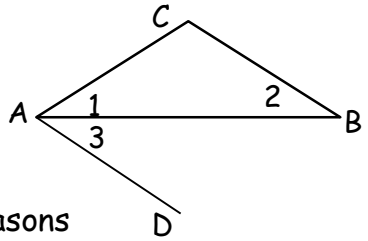


Statements

Reasons

6. Given: AB bisects $\angle CAD$; $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

Prove: $AD \parallel BC$

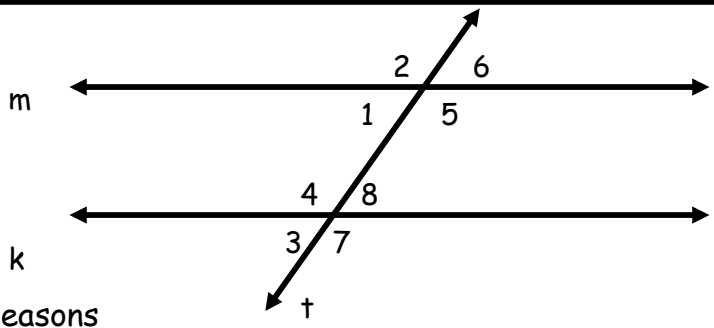


Statements

Reasons

7. Given: $\angle 1 \cong \angle 8$

Prove: $\angle 5 \cong \angle 7$

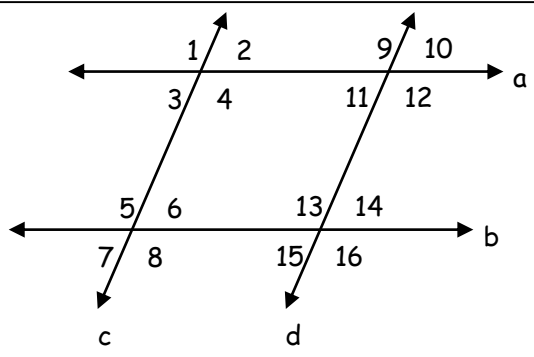


Statements

Reasons

8. Given: $c \parallel d$; $\angle 1$ and $\angle 14$ are supplementary

Prove: $a \parallel b$

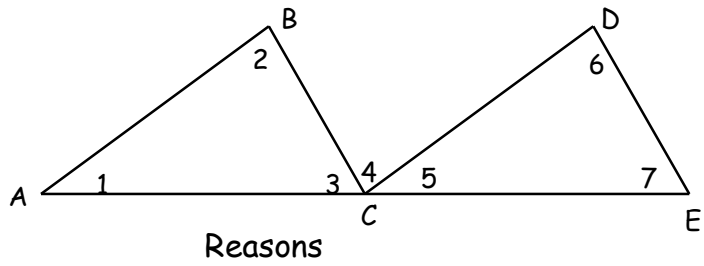


Statements

Reasons

9. Given: $AB \parallel CD$; $\angle 2 \cong \angle 6$

Prove: $BC \parallel DE$

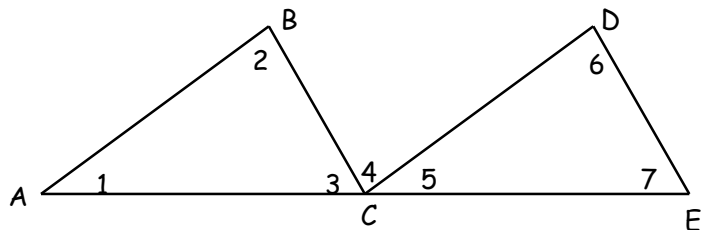


Statements

Reasons

10. Given: $BC \parallel DE$; $\angle 2 \cong \angle 6$

Prove: $AB \parallel CD$

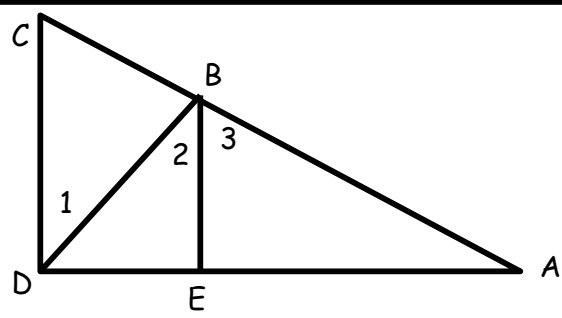


Statements

Reasons

11. Given: BE bisects $\angle DBA$; $\angle 3 \cong \angle 1$

Prove: $CD \parallel BE$



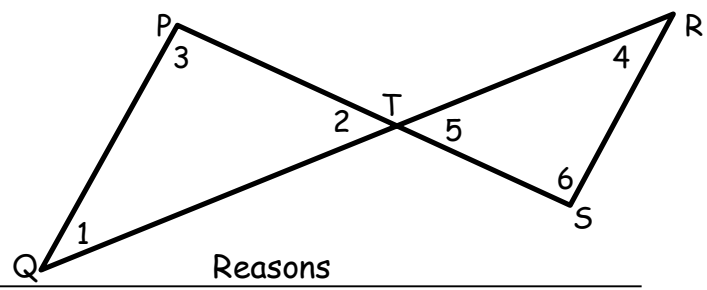
Statements

Reasons

12. Given: $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$; $\angle 4 \cong \angle 5$

Prove: $\angle 3 \cong \angle 6$

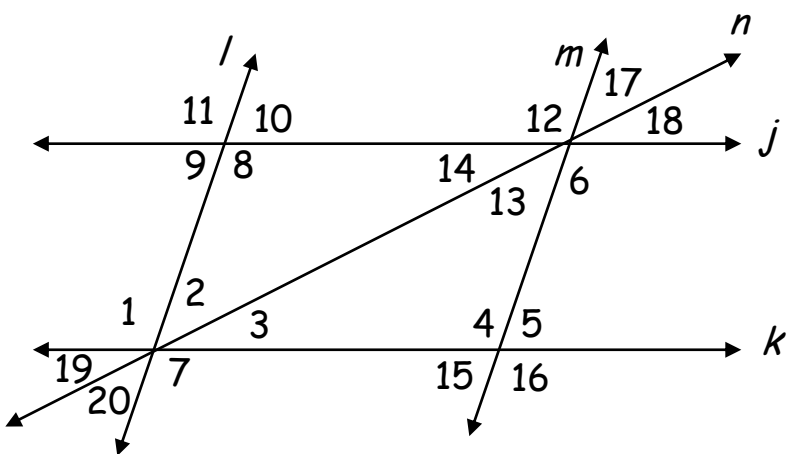
HINT: First prove $PQ \parallel RS$, then you should just need one more step to get to this prove.



Statements

Reasons

Practice: What two lines are parallel (if any) according to the given information?



REASONS:

- A. If corresponding angles are congruent, then lines are parallel.
- B. If alternate interior angles are congruent, then lines are parallel.
- C. If alternate exterior angles are congruent, then lines are parallel.
- D. If same side interior angles are supplementary, then lines are parallel.
- E. If same side exterior angles are supplementary, then lines are parallel.

GIVEN

Parallel Lines

Reason

Ex. $m\angle 7 = m\angle 8$

$j \parallel k$

A

1. $m\angle 7 = m\angle 4$

2. $m\angle 5 + m\angle 6 = 180^\circ$

3. $m\angle 8 = m\angle 1$

4. $m\angle 10 + m\angle 7 = 180^\circ$

5. $m\angle 1 = m\angle 7$

6. $m\angle 8 + (m\angle 2 + m\angle 3) = 180^\circ$

7. $m\angle 1 = m\angle 4$

8. $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = 180^\circ$

9. $m\angle 17 = m\angle 20$

10. $m\angle 3 = m\angle 14$

11. $m\angle 2 = m\angle 13$

12. $m\angle 11 = m\angle 16$

